General Specifications

Model SC450G Conductivity / Resistivity Converter



GS 12D08N05-01E

The EXAxt 450 series is designed to combine the superior functionality of the Yokogawa EXA series with the ease of use offered in pocket computers (PDA).

Truly unique is the EXAxt 450 series in the Human Machine Interface. The high resolution graphical display and the touch screen operation make all information visible to the operator. Configuration with the touch screen is as easy as operating a PDA. Simply choose the language of choice and on screen instructions assure that the best configuration for the application is obtained.

The EXAxt 450 offers full functionality with PID control on either mA output(s) or on contact output(s). The contact outputs can be selected as pulse frequency controlled or pulse length controlled contact function to control chemical metering pumps or solenoid valves.

The SC450G is a family of SMART analyzers: In addition to the two mA outputs a digital HART[®] signal is superimposed on mA1. This signal supplies up to four process variables and many diagnostic data. This information can be used to generate additional current and contact outputs in the HMI monitor and in maintenance optimization programs like PRM or AMS. Pactware can be downloaded from Yokogawa WEB pages to enable the user to configure SC450G with a PC.

The SC450G offers the best accuracy in the industry by combining the conductivity measurement with advanced temperature compensation functionality, preloaded calibration standards and cell fouling monitoring.

The SC450G is universal. The analyzer accepts sensors with cell constants ranging from 0.005 till 50/cm; 2-electrode sensors as well as 4-electrode sensors; 5 different temperature compensating elements for accurate temperature compensation.

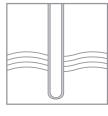


The SC450G offers ultra pure water compensation for demineralised water (default: NaCl), for Steam, Condensate and Boiler water analysis (Cation Conductivity, Ammonia and Morpholine Conductivity) SC450G also offers Matrix compensation and output linearization for accurate analysis of strong acids and alkalis especially for the monitoring of ultra pure water in the pharmaceutical industry the functionality of USP chapter 645, first published in USP23, is implemented.

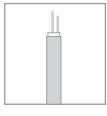
Features

- IP66/NEMA 4X 1/2DIN enclosure for Field mounting and Panel mounting.
- Unique HMI with menu structure and high resolution graphical display with touch screen
- Interactive display with choice out of 8 languages: English, French, German, Italian, Spanish, Swedish, Portuguese and Japanese.
- Trending display for up to 2 weeks.
- On-screen logbooks store calibration data, configuration changes and events
- Advanced Process Temperature Compensation
- · Cell fouling monitoring

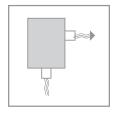
System Configuration



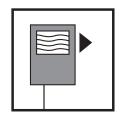
Sensors



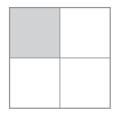
Cables



Fittings



Transmitters



Accessories

General Specifications of SC450G

(A) Input specifications

: Two or four electrodes measurement with square wave excitation, using max 60m (200 ft) cable (WU40/WF10) and cell constants from 0.005 to 50.0 cm⁻¹

(B) Input ranges

Conductivity : 0.000 µS/cm - 2000 mS/cm

Minimum : 0 µS/cm

Maximum : 200 mS x (Cell constant) (overrange

2000 mS/cm)

Resistivity : $0.0~\Omega$ x cm - $1000~M\Omega$ x cm Minimum : 5 Ω/cm (underrange 0.0 Ω/C) Maximum : 1 M Ω /cm (overrange 1000 M Ω /C)

"C" means cell constant. Note

Temperature : Pt1000 -20 to 250°C (0-500°F)

-20 to 200°C (0-400°F) : Pt100 Ni100 -20 to 200°C (0-400°F) NTC 8k55 -10 to 120°C (10-250°F) · Ni100 : Pb36_(JIS NTC 6k) -20 to 120°C (0- 250°F)

(C) Accuracy

Conductivity/resistivity

: ≤ 0.5% of reading

 $: \le 0.3^{\circ}\text{C} \ (\le 0.4^{\circ}\text{C for Pt100})$ Temperature

Step respons : ≤ 4 sec for 90% (for a 2 decade step)

Note on performance specifications

The following tolerance is added to above performance. mA output tolerance: ±0.02 mA of "4-20 mA"

(D) Transmission signals

General : Two isolated outputs of 4-20 mA. DC

with common negative. Maximum load 600 Ω. Bi-directional HART (HART 5) digital communication, superimposed on mA1 (4-20 mA) signal.

Output Function: Linear or non-linear 21-step

table for Conductivity/Resistivity,

concentration or temperature

Control function: PID control.

Burn out function: Burn up (21.0 mA) or burn down

(3.6 mA) to signal failure acc.

NAMUR NE43. : Adjustable damping

: Expire time

Hold : The mA-outputs are frozen to the

last/fixed value during calibration/

commissioning

(E) Contact outputs

General : Four SPDT relay contacts with display

indicators. Contact outputs configurable for hysteresis and delay time.

Switch capacity: Maximum values 100 VA,

250 VAC. 5 Amps. (*1) Maximum values 50 Watts, 250 VDC, 5 Amps. (*1)

Status : High/Low process alarms, selected

from conductivity, resistivity, concentration or temperature. Configurable delay time and

hysteresis. PID duty cycle or pulsed

frequency control.

FAIL alarm

Control function: On / Off

Adjustable damping

Expire time

: Contact can be used to signal the Hold

hold situation.

Fail safe : Contact S4 is programmed as failsafe contact.

When contact output current is more than 4 Amps, ambient temperature should be less than 40 °C.

(F) Contact input

*1:

: Remote range switching to 10 times the

programmed range.

Contact open : If impedance > 100 k Ω : 1 x Range (When programmed range for mA output is conductivity) Contact closed: If impedance < 10 Ω : 10 x Range

(G) Temperature compensation

: Automatic or manual, for temperature ranges mentioned under B (inputs).

Reference temp.: programmable from 0 to 100°C or 30 -

210 °F (default 25°C).

(H) Compensation algorithm

: According IEC 60746-3 NaCl tables (default). Two independent user programmable temperature coefficients, from 0% to 3.5% per °C (°F) by adjustment or

calibration.

Matrix compensation

: With conductivity function of concentration and temperature. Choice out of 13 preprogrammed matrixes and 2 100-points

user-programmable matrixes.

(I) Calibration : Semi-automatic calibration using

pre-configured OIML (KCI) buffer tables, with automatic stability check. Manual adjustment to grab sample.

: Software record of important events (J) Logbook

and diagnostic data readily available in the display or through HART®

: Graphical Quarter VGA (320 x 240 (K) Display

pixels) LCD with LED backlight and touchscreen. Plain language messages in English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Swedish,

Portuguese and Japanese.

(L) Form

Dimension : 144 (W) x 144 (H) x Approx.144 (D)

Converter weight: Approx. 1.5 kg

(M) Housing : Cast Aluminim housing with

chemically resistant coating; Polycarbonate cover with Polycarbonate flexible window : Protection IP66 / NEMA 4X / CSA

Type 3S

: Silver grey Colour

SC450G-A(D)-A: IP66 cable glands are supplied with

the unit

SC450G-A(D)-U: NEMA 4X close up plugs are mounted

in the unused cable entry holes and can be replaced by conduit fittings as required Pipe, Panel or Wall mounting using optional hardware

Optional conduit adapter

G1/2, 1/2NPT or M20 female

(N) Power supply

SC450G-A:

Ratings :100-240 V AC Acceptable range ;90 to 264 V AC Ratings ;50/60 Hz

Acceptable range ;50 Hz ±5%, 60 Hz ±5%

Power Consumption ;15 VA SC450G-D:

Ratings ;12-24 V DC Acceptable range ;10.8 to 26.4 V DC

Power Consumption ;10 W

(O) Safety, EMC and RoHS conforming standards

Safety :EN 61010-1 EN 61010-2-030 EN 61010-2-201

CAN/CSA C22.2 No.61010-1 CAN/CSA C22.2 No.61010-2-030

CAN/CSA IEC 61010-2-201

UL 61010-1 UL 61010-2-030 UL 61010-2-201

EMC :EN 61326-1 Class A, Table 2

EN 61326-2-3 EN 61000-3-2 Class A EN 61000-3-3

RCM: EN61326-1 Class A

Korea Electromagnetic Conformity Standard

Note: This instrument is a Class A product, and it is designed for use in the industrial environment. Please use this instrument in the industrial environment only.

RoHS :EN 50581

Information of the WEEE Directive

This product is purposely designed to be used in a large scale fixed installations only and, therefore, is out of scope of the WEEE Directive. The WEEE Directive does not apply. The WEEE Directive is only valid in the EU.

FM nonincendive approval (suffix code Type: -U):

FM3611 Class I, Div.2, Group ABCD,

T6 for Ta -20 to 55°C

Installation altitude: 2000 m or less Category based on IEC 61010: II (Note) Pollution degree based on IEC 61010: 2 (Note)

Note: Installation category, called over-voltage category, specifies impulse withstand voltage. Category II is for electrical equipment. Pollution degree indicates the degree of existence of solid, liquid, gas or other inclusions which may reduce dielectric strength.

Degree 2 is the normal indoor environment.

(P) Environment and operational conditions

Ambient temperature : -20 to +55°C
Storage temperature : -30 to +70°C
Humidity : 0 to 90% RH
(non-condensing)

Data protection :EEPROM for configuration data and

logbook. Lithium cell for clock.

Watchdog timer: Checks microprocessor. Power down: Reset to measurement.

Automatic safeguard:

Auto return to measuring mode when touchscreen is untouched for 10 min.

Display and Operating Interface

The Display is a backlight graphical display with QVGA resolution. Operation is done by a touchscreen. Graphical keys on the right and other area's of the touchscreen respond to contact as virtual push buttons.

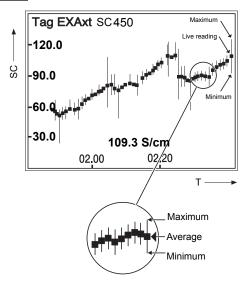
Main screen



The main screen displays:

- The primary variable in large font (user selectable)
- · Other process variable(s) in small font
- Unit symbols
- Tag number (user programmable)
- Process description (user programmable)
- Status of contact output(s)
- Status indicator during HOLD situation
- Main function keys

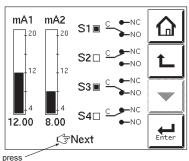
Trend screen



The trend screen displays:

- Time scale. User selectable (between 15 minutes and 2 weeks)
- PV scale. User selectable
- Tag number
- Actual PV
- Average, maximum and minimum PV in this interval (time scale / 51)





The zoom screen displays an easy graphic representation of the output functions. When "Next" is pressed it will give access to the logbook data.



Status screen

The Status screen gives access to diagnostic information with regards to analyzer or sensors.



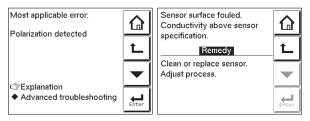
No malfunction detected.



Soft alarm detected. Maintenance is recommended for best accuracy.



Hard alarm is detected indicating malfunction that is critical for good analysis. When this key is pressed details are displayed with regards to detected malfunction and trouble-shooting guidelines are displayed to resolve the malfunction.

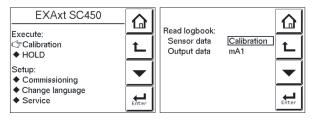




Maintenance screen

The maintenance screen gives access to calibration, commissioning and setup of the instrument. These levels can be protected by passwords.

Example



Functionality Characteristics

Safe Operation

EXAxt 450 features BURN-OUT functionality according to NAMUR Recommendation 43. This document recommends using the mA output for fault detection by controlling the mA output in the following way:

4-20 mA scaled to measuring range

3.8 - 4 mA for underflow detection

20 - 20.5 mA for overflow detection

≤ 3.6 mA for fault detection

≥ 21 mA for fault detection

Input Circuitry

The conductivity is measured with a square wave AC signal across the sensor with a frequency that is automatically adapted to the conductivity value to minimize the influence of system capacitance and electrode polarization. The conductivity is measured with 4-wire method to eliminate the influence of cable length.

This results in an accurate measurement over a wide range of conductivity values in combination with many sensors.

Process Temperature Compensation

EXAxt 450 offers automatic temperature compensation and to ensure full compatibility with most commercially available conductivity sensors. Selection is possible out of five different temperature sensing elements. All elements have been calibrated during initialization of the analyzer. The default configuration of the SC450G uses Pt1000 RTD for temperature compensation.

The temperature compensator is used to correct for the influence of temperature on the conductivity of the process fluid. The analyzer readings are at reference temperature: 25°C unless programmed otherwise.

The default temperature compensation follows IEC 60746-3 compensation algorithm for diluted solutions of NaCl in water. This default mode (NaCl) includes also compensation for the temperature influence on the dissociation of water molecules. This makes the default compensation mode ideal for salt solutions from ultra pure water up to concentrated salt solutions.

SC450G offers two additional modes for advanced temperature compensation in processes where NaCl compensation does not offer the required accuracy:

- (1) Linear temperature coefficient setting
- (2) Matrix temperature compensation

Linear temperature coefficient

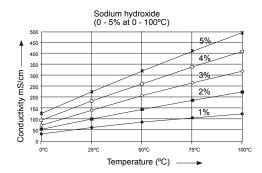
This function is used when the water chemistry is unknown. Therefore the temperature coefficient is determined empirically by taking a sample, reading the conductivity and temperature at two different temperatures. The TC to be programmed is defined as % per /°C.

This coefficient is calculated from two uncompensated measurements at different temperatures and can be calculated with the following equation:

((SC1- SC2)/ (T1-T2)) x 100/ SC2 in which (T2, SC2) is the measurement at reference temperature.

Matrix temperature compensation

This function is used when the empirical method has shown that the temperature coefficient varies within the measuring range of the analyzer. Then a Matrix is built of 100 points, where the conductivity of 10 different samples is recorded for 10 different temperatures.



Matrix temperature compensation

The SC450G is equipped with a matrix type algorithm (conductivity as a function of concentration and temperature) for accurate temperature compensation in various applications.

These are:

0-50 ppb @ 0-90°C (1) Ammonia in water: (boiler feed water, condensate)

15-30 % @ 10-50°C (2) Ammonia in water:

0-500 ppb @ 0-90°C (3) Morpholine in water:

(boiler feed water, condensate)
Sulfuric Acid in water: 0^(*1)- 27% @ 0- 100°C (4) Sulfuric Acid in water: (5) Sulfuric Acid in water: 39-85% @ -18-116°C

(6) Sulfuric Acid in water: 93- 100% @ 10- 90°C

(7) Sodium Hydroxide in water:0^(*1)- 15% @ 0- 100°C

(8) Sodium Hydroxide in water: 25- 50 % @ 0-80°C

(9) Hydrochloric Acid in water: 0- 200 ppb @ 0- 100°C Cation conductivity)

(10) Hydrochloric Acid in water: 0(*1)-18% @ -10- 65°C

(11) Hydrochloric Acid in water:24-44% @ -20-65°C 0^(*2)- 25% @ 0- 80°C (12) Nitric Acid in water:

35-80% @ -16-60°C (13) Nitric Acid in water:

Although range is 0 - 25%

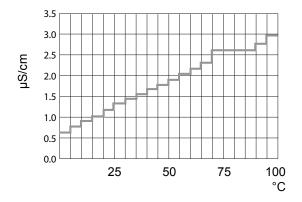
Compensation range

In addition a free programmable matrix can be selected for applications not covered by these standard ones. Measurement outside the range of the matrix is possible, but can result in inaccuracies dependent on the chemistry of the electrolyte solution.

WFI monitoring according to USP<645> directives.

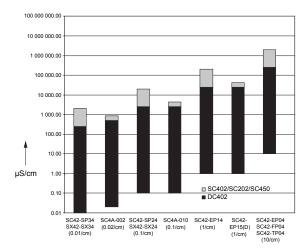
First published in USP23 is the directive for on-line monitoring of water for injection using Conductivity Analyzers. In this standard the purity of the water is classified in 3 levels, of which the first level is monitored by Conductivity Analysis. If the conductivity exceeds the limit, then the user must perform laboratory analysis to verify the quality of the WFI. The SC450G has the limits of USP built in the firmware and as soon as the water quality does not meet the requirement of step 1, a fault message is generated; this information can be transmitted through HART®, contact output or High/Low mA output according to NAMUR recommendation 43.

It is also possible to program a contact output to close when a preset safety margin is exceeded. The USP functionality is independent on the chosen conductivity range for the mA outputs. The functionality is active in both Conductivity and Resistivity mode.

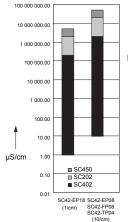


Electrode Selection

In order to make precise conductivity measurements, there are a number of prerequisites. Most important is the selection of suitable sensors. Special attention should be paid to the choice of the sensors to ensure compatibility with both the chemical composition and the specific conductivity of the fluid to be measured. The installation of the sensor is also very important for a correct measurement. Other Yokogawa specification sheets cover the choice of sensors and holders, and any Yokogawa sales office can provide expert advice.



Measuring range as function of the cell constant



Note: With 2-electrode systems, polarization may decrease the conductivity value at higher concentrations. Applications using highly conductive fluids inductive conductivity measurement should be considered as an alternative because of lower maintenance requirements.

Output Functions

Current outputs

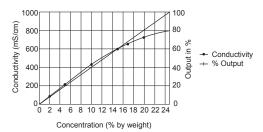
The SC450G offers two isolated 4- 20 mA outputs for indication, recording or control functions. The parameter that is transmitted through the current output(s) can be selected out of:

- · Conductivity or Resistivity
- Temperature
- Concentration
- PID control

Example of concentration measurement.

The conductivity of a sulfuric acid solution is not linear to the concentration of the acid. Then the user selects TABLE in the Output configuration menu and a 21 point table is generated to linearize the output in concentration units.

Code	mA	Conc.	Example	Cond.	Example	
Output	4-20		%H ₂ SO ₄		mS/cm	
0	4.0		0.00		0	
5	4.8		1.25		60	
10	5.6		2.50		113	
15	6.4		3.75		180	
20	7.2		5.00		211	
25	8.0		6.25		290	
30	8.8		7.50		335	
35	9.6		8.75		383	
40	10.4		10.00		424	
45	11.2		11.25		466	
50	12.0		12.50		515	
55	12.8		13.75		555	
60	13.6		15.00		590	
65	14.4		16.25		625	
70	15.2		17.50		655	
75	16.0		18.75		685	
80	16.8		20.00		718	
85	17.6		21.25		735	
90	18.4		22.50		755	
95	19.2		23.75		775	
100	20.0		25.00		791	



Linearisation of output Example: 0-25% Sulfuric acid

In addition the current output can be used to transmit a fault condition through the BURN OUT function and it can maintain the last measured value prior to maintenance or a fixed preset value using the HOLD function.

Contact outputs

The SC450G offers four SPDT contact outputs. All contact outputs can be configured for Alarm and Control functions. Contact S1, S2 and S3 are in powered condition when the setpoint is exceeded. These contacts are normally used for HI, LO Alarm or Control functions. Contact S4 is in alarm condition when the power is down. This fail-safe contact is normally used to signal a fail situation.

Control functions

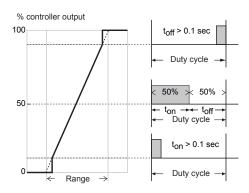
SC450G offers advanced process control. Each of the current outputs and the contact outputs can represent the PID control output.

If a contact is used for process control the contact output can be pulse length controlled or pulse frequency controlled.

Duty cycle control

This type of control is normally used to operate solenoid valves or continuously operating dosing

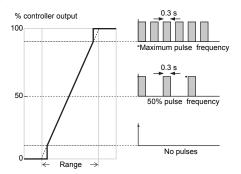
pumps. The period of the on/off cycle is selected between 1s and 30 minutes. The on/off ratio (duty cycle) is controlled by the PID control function.



Pulse frequency control

This function is used when the chemical is dosed with pulsating dosing pumps, where each pulse represents a certain volume of reagent. The maximum number of pulses per minutes is selected, but must be between 1 and 70 pulses per minute. The frequency of pulses is determined by the PID function of the analyzer.

The Proportional Band, the Integral Time and the Derivative Function are set in the control menu of the analyzer.



Model and Suffix Codes

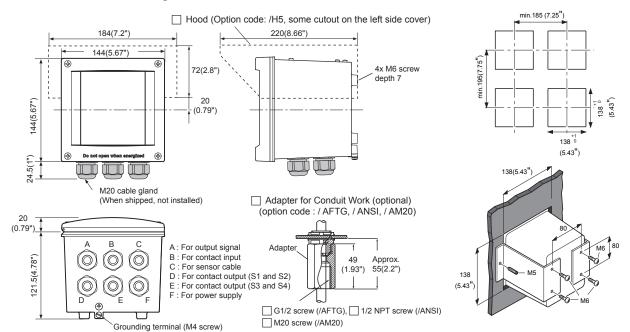
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Model	Suffix code		Option Code	Description			
SC450G	450G			Conductivity/Resistivity Converter			
Power	Power - A - D			AC version (100240 VAC)			
				DC version (1224 VDC)			
Type - A - U			General purpose version FM version (*3)				
Mounting Hardware //U //PM /H5 /AFTG /ANSI /AM20 /SCT			/U /PM /H5 /AFTG /ANSI	Universal mounting kit (panel, pipe, wall) Pipe and wall mounting hardware (*2) Panel mounting hardware (*2) Awning hood (stainless steel) (*2) G1/2 (*2) 1/2NPT (*2) M20 (*2)			
			1	Stainless steel tag plate (*1)			

- *1 If the tag number is predefined with the purchase, Yokogawa will inscript the tag plate with the specified tag number, and program the tag number in the converter.
- *2 Option codes /U, /PM, /H5, /AFTG, /ANSI and / AM20 are not specified for FM version (-U).
- *3: Nonincendive for FM only.

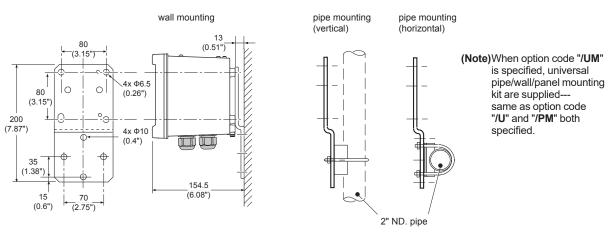
Dimensions and Mounting

Unit: mm (inch)



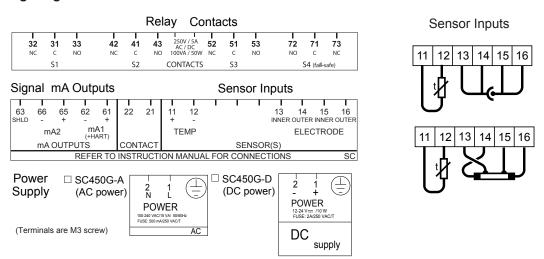
Housing dimensions, layout of glands and conduit adapter

Option /PM: panel mounting diagram



Option /U: wall and pipe mounting diagram

Wiring Diagram



Inquiry Specifications Sheet for SC450G Conductivity / Resistivity Converter System

Make inquiries by placing checkmarks (\checkmark) in the pertinent boxes and filling in the blanks.

1.	General information	n							
	Name of your company:								
	Name of inquirer:				Dept.	or sect.:	(tel	ephone:)_
	Name of plant:								
	Measuring point:								
	Purpose of use:					☐ Control			
	Power supply: _		V 🛚	AC DO	0				
2.	Measuring condition	ons							
	(1) Liquid temperature:		to	, r	ormally		_[°C]		
	(2) Liquid pressure:		to	, r	ormally		_ [kPa]		
	(3) Flow rate:		to	, r	ormally		[L/min]		
	(4) Flow speed:		to	, r	ormally		[m/s]		
	(5) Slurry or contaminar	nts: 🗆 Abse	ent 🗆 Pr	esent					
	(6) Name of liquid:								
	(7) Composition of liquid	d:							
	(8) Other remarks:								
3.	Installation environ	ment							
	(1) Ambient temperature	; :							
	(2) Location: ☐ Outdoo								
	(3) Other remarks:								
4.	Specification requi	rements							
	(1) Measuring range:								
	(2) Output signal:		A DC						
	(3) Detector: SC4A		ectrode ((0.02 cm ⁻¹)	□ Two-e	electrode (0.1	cm ⁻¹)		
	SC42	☐ Two-el	•	,		•	,		
		□ 0.01	cm ⁻¹ □	0.1 cm ⁻¹ □	I1 cm ⁻¹ □	10 cm ⁻¹			
		□ Four-e	lectrode						
		□ 1 cn	n ⁻¹ □ 10	cm ⁻¹					
	SX42	☐ Two-el							
			cm ⁻¹ □	0.1 cm ⁻¹					
	(4) Detector mounting:	SC4A	□ Adap		□ Weldi	ng Socket	□We	elding clam	n
(+) Detector injuriting.		SC42	□ Plug-		□ Flow I	-	□ Fla	-	۲
		SX42	☐ Flang		□ Screw	-	□ 1 lc	ii igo	
	(5) Sensor cable length:			5 m	□ 10 m		□ 20 m		
	(c) concor odolo longui.	SC42	□ 1 m	□ 2 m	□ 5.5 m		□ 15 m	□ 20 m	□ 25 m
		SX42	□ 1 m	□ 2 m	□ 5.5 m		□ 15 m	□ 20 m	□ 25 m
	(6) Other remarks:	JATZ	_ · · · · ·	□ ∠ 111	□ J.J II	. 🗀 10111	L 13111	L 20 III	L 20 III
	(o) Other remarks.								